

Self-employed tax deduction checklist

This checklist will help you identify and track potential tax deductions for your self-employed business. Remember to consult a tax professional for personalized advice.

(Check all that apply)

Home office (Part of your home is exclusively used for business)

Choose a calculation method.

Regular method: Calculate the square footage of your home office and your entire home. Gather records of all home-related expenses.

Simplified method: Calculate the square footage of your home office.

Calculate your deduction using the chosen method.

Regular method: Multiply actual home expenses by the percentage of home used for business.

Simplified method: Multiply \$5 per square foot by the number of months you used it for business.

Deduction amount:

Self-employment tax

Based on your net earnings.

Multiply your net earnings by 92.35% to calculate your self-employment tax, keeping in mind the Social Security wage base limits (\$168,600 for 2024, \$176,100 for 2025) and the additional 0.9% Medicare tax on income above \$200,000, and remember you can deduct 50% of this amount.

Deduction amount:

\$

Retirement contribution (You contributed to a retirement plan)

- Gather contribution records.
- Contribution limits for 2024:

Traditional and Roth IRA:

\$7,000 (\$8,000 if age 50 or older)

SEP IRA:

The lesser of 25% of your net earnings from self-employment or \$68,000

Solo 401(k):

\$68,000 total (includes both employee and employer contributions)

Deduction amount:

State and local taxes

State and local records.

Gather records of your state and local income, sales, and property taxes. Remember, the deduction is capped at \$10,000 per household.

Deduction amount:

\$

Qualified business income (QBI)

Deduct up to 20% of your QBI.

Deduction amount:

\$

Health insurance (You are not eligible for an employer's health plan)

Gather records of your health insurance premiums.

If you are self-employed and not eligible for an employer's health plan, you can deduct 100% of the health insurance premiums you paid for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents.

Deduction amount:

Travel (You traveled for business purposes)

Gather records of your travel expenses.

To be deductible, your travel expenses must be ordinary and necessary for your business. This generally includes transportation, lodging, meals (50% deductible), and incidentals.

Deduction amount:

\$

Startup costs (You incured startup costs for your business this year)

Gather records of your eligible startup costs.

You can deduct up to \$5,000 in startup costs in the first year. This deduction is reduced if your total startup costs exceed \$50,000. Any remaining costs can be amortized over 180 months (15 years).

Deduction amount:

\$

Advertising and marketing

- Gather records of your marketing expenses.
- **Deduction amount:**

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Depreciation	(You purchased equipment for your	business)

Gather purchase records.

Determine the useful life of each asset.

Deduction amount:

\$

Meals (You had business-related meals)

Gather records of these expenses.

You can generally deduct 50% of the cost of business-related meals. Be sure to keep good records to support the business purpose of the meal.

Deduction amount:

\$

Business insurance

- Gather records of your business insurance premiums.
- **Deduction amount:**

Software and subscription

- Gather records of your software and subscription expenses that you use for your business.
- **Deduction amount:**

\$

Office supplies

- Gather records of your office supply expenses.
- **Deduction amount:**

\$

Internet and phone (You used the internet and phone for business)

Gather expense records.

If your internet or phone was used exclusively for business, deduct the full cost. Otherwise, track the percentage of business use.

Deduction amount:

- Gather records of any interest paid on business loans or credit cards.
- **Deduction amount:**

\$

Rent and utilities

- Gather records of your rent and utility expenses used for your business property.
- **Deduction amount:**

\$

Professional fees

- Gather records of any professional fees or services paid that were used for your business.
- **Deduction amount:**

Membership dues

Gather records of your membership dues.

Applies to any membership dues to professional organizations related to your business.

Deduction amount:

\$

Business gifts (You gave gifts to clients or associates)

Gather expense records.

You can generally deduct up to \$25 per person per year for business gifts.

Deduction amount:

\$

Bank fees

- Gather records of any bank fees you incurred related to your business accounts.
- **Deduction amount:**

Vehicle use (You use your vehicle for business purposes)

Choose a calculation method:

Standard mileage rate: Track your business mileage and multiply it by the standard mileage rate (67 cents per mile for business in 2024).

Actual expense method: Track your business mileage and all vehiclerelated expenses and multiply them by your business use percentage.

Calculate your deduction using the chosen method.

Deduction amount:

\$

Education

- Gather records of your education expenses that are related to your business.
- **Deduction amount:**

\$

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